Lesson 74 Characters 220-222 老 者 都

Review Sheet

- Note 1: Read the following material as review for this lesson.
- Note 2: Traditional characters are shown in parentheses.
- Note 3: Characters that are also components are listed both in the "Basic Components Review" section and again in the "Characters Review" section.

Characters Review

Character	Pinyin	Meaning	Words / Phrases that Contain this Character				
Character	ı mymi	ivicaning	Character Pinyin		Meaning		
老	lǎo	old	老师 (老師)	lǎo shī	teacher		
			老外	lǎo wài	foreigner		
			老人	lăo rén	old person/people		
者	zhě	the person	作者	zuò zhě	author		
		who or the thing which (often used	记者 (記者)	jì zhě	journalist/reporter		
		in job titles)	或者	huò zhě	or (used in a statement)		



Characters Review

Character	Pinyin	Meaning	Words / Phrases that Contain this Character				
Character			Character	Pinyin	Meaning		
都	dōu/dū	lū all/both	他们都走了。 (他們都走了。)	tā men dōu zŏu le	They all/both left.		
			什么都明白 (什麼都明白)	shén me dōu míng bai	understand everything		
			谁都认识 (誰都認識)	shéi dōu rèn shi	know everybody		
			哪里都没去 (哪裡都沒去)	nă lǐ dōu méi qù	didn't go anywhere		
			什么时候都行 (什麼時候都行)	shén me shí hou dōu xíng	anytime is okay		

Bonus Time

Supplementary words that contain the characters covered in this lesson					
Word	Pinyin	Meaning			
学者 (學者)	xué zhě	scholar			
全都	quán dōu	all/both			
老+ (surname)	lǎo	to indicate familiarity (usually address a person who is around 40 years old or above)			



Font Comparison

Here is how the characters look in various commonly used fonts. You will notice some subtle differences. Your computer will probably already contain some of these fonts, so try them out for yourself as you type!

Note: "ti" as in "Kai ti" means "style" or "font." Among these fonts, "Song" is the most commonly used printing font. Almost all Chinese books printed in Mainland China use "Song ti."

Kai ti	Song ti	Hei ti	Handwriting
老	老	老	老
者	者	者	者
都	都	都	都

Worksheet

Note: Please feel free to print the next few pages if you want (especially if you're doing the handwriting practice). Otherwise, answer the questions directly in this PDF.

Reading Comprehension

Without looking at the material above, please translate the following phrases and sentences into English. You can type directly onto the PDF file below the Chinese. (You will find the answer key below the "real life reading practice" section.)

1. Albert 老师是《怎么学好中文》这本书的作者。他用的方法非 cháng 好,全都是我以 qián 不知道的。



Handwriting Practice (optional)

After you print this page, please follow these steps to learn to handwrite the characters from this lesson.

- 1. Trace the character in the first box following the stroke order demonstrated in the box to the right.
- 2. Repeat the step for the rest of the boxes, tracing over the grey lines when provided.

老	- +	土少	去老	老	老	老		
老	老	老						
者	- + 者者	土少	尹者	者	者	者		
者	者	者						
都	十 者者		才 者	都	都	都		
都	都	都					X	



Real life reading practice

- 1. Look at the picture and circle or write down the character(s) you recognize. You should be able to type the characters you recognize directly onto the pdf file below the image if you prefer not to print.
- 2. Write down the character's pinyin above it.
- 3. Check your answer against the Answer Key on the next page.

Picture 1:



Picture 2:





Picture 3:



When You've Finished Reviewing...

Please go back to the webpage for this lesson to DOWNLOAD and take the self-quiz so you can make sure you've really mastered the material from this lesson!



Answer Key for Reading Comprehension

1. Albert 老师是《怎么学好中文》这本书的作者。他用的方法非 cháng 好,全都是我以 qián 不知道的。

Teacher Albert is the author of the book "How to Learn Chinese well." His methods are terrific; I didn't know any of them before.

(Lit. Albert Teacher is "How to Learn well Chinese" this book's author. He use (de) method extremely good. All are I before not know (de).)

Answer Key for Real Life Reading Practice

The **RED** character(s) are the ones you should recognize. Picture 1



nín xīn kǔ le lǎo shī 您辛 苦了 老师

You Work Hard, Teacher

(September 10th is Teachers' Day in China, an annual celebration of the contribution of educators.)



Picture 2



jì zhě zhāo dài huì 记者 招 待 会

Press Conference

(Press conferences are often organized by various government offices to make announcements or respond to some questions from the public. They're also held by the entertainment industry as a marketing strategy to attract public attention.)

Picture 3



shuí **dōu yǒu** mì mì 谁 都 有 秘密

Everyone has secrets

(This is a yearbook collection of the periodical called "Stories Collection" issued monthly in mainland China.)

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